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Office hour: 9:30 ~ 11:30 am. Friday.

HH 401

Preliminary:

Compound Interest:  $A(t) = A(0) (1+i)^t$

Simple Interest:  $A(t) = A(0) (1+it)$

Present value:  $A(0) = A(t) v^t$   $v = \frac{1}{1+i}$  is present value factor

Treasury Bills:  $\text{Price} = \frac{\text{face amount}}{1+it}$

1.1.2.

how to measure.

(a)  $A(0) = 2500$ ,  $t = \frac{10}{1} = 10$ ,  $i = 4\%$

$$A(t) = A(0) (1+i)^t = 2500 \times (1+4\% \times 10) = 3500.$$

(b)  $A(t) = A(0) (1+i)^t = 2500 \times (1+4\%)^{10} = 3700.61$

(c)  $A(0) = 2500$ ,  $t = \frac{10}{0.5}$ ,  $i = 2\%$

$$A(t) = A(0) (1+i)^t = 2500 \times (1+2\%)^{\frac{10}{0.5}} = 3714.87$$

(d)  $t = \frac{10}{0.25}$ ,  $i = 1\%$

$$A(t) = A(0) (1+i)^t = 2500 \times (1+1\%)^{\frac{10}{0.25}} = 3722.16$$

1.1.10.

(a)  $A(0) = 1000$ ,  $A(t) = 3000$ ,  $i = 12\%$

$$(1+i)^t = \frac{A(t)}{A(0)} \Rightarrow t \log(1+i) = \log A(t) - \log A(0) \Rightarrow t = \frac{\log A(t) - \log A(0)}{\log(1+i)} = 9.694$$

(b) Integer part: 9.

fractional part: 0.6819

$$A(t) (1+i)^{[t]} (1+iS)^{\{t\}} = 1000(1+12\%)^9 (1+12\% \times S) = 3000 \Rightarrow S = 0.6819$$

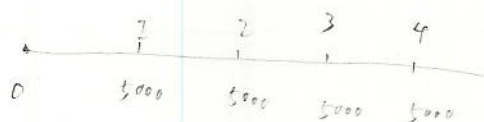
$$t = 9 + 0.6819 = 9.6819$$

(c) 10% monthly,  $i = 1\%$ ,  $1000(1+0.01)^t = 3000 \Rightarrow t = 110.41$  months.

$$(d) (1+i)^t = \frac{A(t)}{A(0)} \Rightarrow i = \sqrt[t]{\left(\frac{A(t)}{A(0)}\right)} - 1 = \sqrt[10]{\frac{3000}{1000}} - 1 = 0.1161$$

$$(e) j = \sqrt[t]{\frac{A(t)}{A(0)}} - 1 = \sqrt[120]{\frac{A(t)}{A(0)}} - 1 = 0.009197$$

1.2.1.



$$v = \frac{1}{1+i} = \frac{1}{1+6\%}$$

$$\text{present value} = 5000v + 5000v^2 + 5000v^3 + 5000v^4 = 17,325.52$$

1.2.4.

$$v_{6\%} = \frac{1}{1+6\%}, \quad v_{7\%} = \frac{1}{1+7\%}, \quad v_{9\%} = \frac{1}{1+9\%}$$

$$PV = 1000 v_{6\%}^3 + v_{7\%}^4 + v_{9\%}^3 = 494.62$$

1.2.15.

$$(a) t = \frac{182}{365}, \quad P = \frac{\text{face amount}}{1+it} = \frac{100,000}{1+10\% \times \frac{182}{365}} = 93,250.52$$

$$(b) P = \frac{F}{1+it}, \quad \frac{dP}{di} = -\frac{F}{(1+it)^2} \cdot t, \quad \frac{dP}{di} = \frac{P(1+it) - P(1)}{\Delta i} = \frac{\Delta P}{\Delta i}, \quad \Delta i = 10.1\% - 10\%$$
$$\Rightarrow \Delta P = \frac{dP}{di} \cdot \Delta i = -23733.34$$

$$(c) t = \frac{91}{365}, \quad \text{when } t=0, \quad \frac{dP}{di} = -\frac{F}{(1+it)^2} \cdot t = 0$$

1.1.1.

$10,000 < 4\%$ ,  $(10,000 \times (1.04)^t) - 10,000 = 10,000 \times (1.04)^t - 10,000$

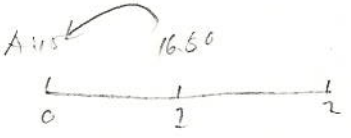
1.1.3.

$10,000(1.01)^3(1.0075)^9 = 10,000(1+j)^n \Rightarrow j = ?$

1.1.5 (a).

$\sqrt[5]{1.10 \times 1.16 \times 0.93 \times 1.04 \times 1.32} = 1.1025$

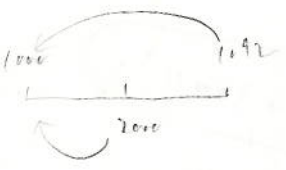
1.2.3.



3: 28

$28 = 13 + 16.5v = v \frac{1}{Hi} \Rightarrow i = ?$

1.2.12.



$1000 + 1092v^2 = 2000v$   
 $v = \frac{1}{Hi} \Rightarrow i = ?$

$1000 + 1092v^2 = 2000v$   
 $1000 + \frac{1092}{(Hi)^2} = \frac{2000}{Hi}$   
 $1000(Hi)^2 + 1092 = 2000(Hi)$

1.2.13.

(a)  $\frac{d}{dt} (Hi)^n = n(Hi)^{n-1}$ , (b)  $\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{Hi}\right)^n = -n\left(\frac{1}{Hi}\right)^{n+1}$   
(c)  $\frac{d}{dt} (Hi)^n = (Hi)^n \ln(Hi)$ , (d)  $\frac{d}{dt} v^n = -v^n \ln(Hi)$

1.2.17.



$30(1+v+\dots+v^{23})$   
 $v = \frac{1}{1+i/2}$



$30(v^2+\dots+v^{25})$   
 $30(1+v+\dots+v^{23}) - 30(v^2+\dots+v^{25}) = 30(1+v-v^2-v^{25}) = 17.68$

$$i^{(m)} = \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} i^{(m)} = \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} m[(Hi)^{\frac{1}{m}} - 1] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(Hi)^x - 1}{\frac{1}{m}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(Hi)^x - 1}{x} = \frac{(Hi)^x \ln(Hi)}{1} = \ln(Hi)$$

$$i^{(m)} = \ln(Hi), \quad f(x) = i^{(m)} = m[(Hi)^{\frac{1}{m}} - 1] = \frac{(Hi)^{\frac{1}{m}} - 1}{\frac{1}{m}}, \quad f'(x) = \frac{(Hi)^x \ln(Hi) \cdot x - (Hi)^x + 1}{x^2}$$

$$i^{(m)} = m[(Hi)^{\frac{1}{m}} - 1], \quad i^{(n)} = n[(Hi)^{\frac{1}{n}} - 1]$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{(Hi)^x - 1}{x}\right)' = \frac{x(Hi)^x \ln(Hi) - (Hi)^x + 1}{x^2}$$

$$i^{(m)} > i^{(n)} > i^{(\infty)}, \quad (Hi)^x \left( x \ln(Hi) - 1 + \frac{1}{(Hi)^x} \right)$$

$$i^{(m)} > i^{(n)}, \quad m < n$$

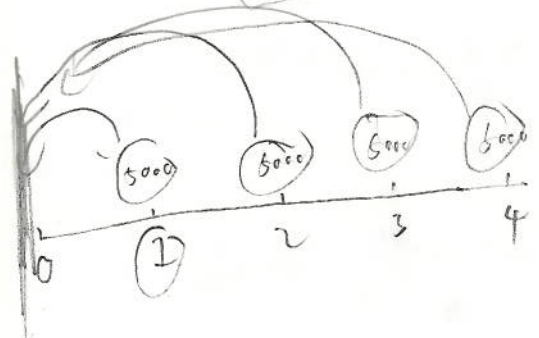
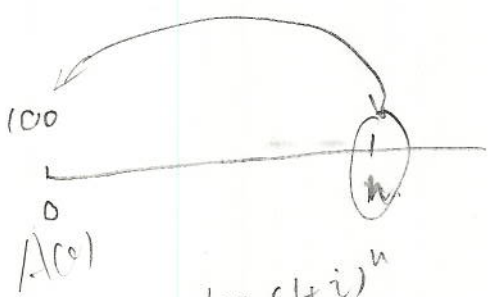
$$i^{(m)} - i^{(n)} = m(Hi)^{\frac{1}{m}} - n(Hi)^{\frac{1}{n}} - m + n$$

100

$$\frac{100}{1+i^t} = 100(1-d)^t = 100\left(1 - \frac{i}{1+i}t\right)$$

$$\frac{100}{1 + \frac{d}{1+d}t} = \frac{100(1+d)}{1+d+dt} = 100\left(\frac{1+i-t}{1+i}\right)$$

$$5000v + 5000v^2 + 5000v^3 + 5000v^4 =$$



$$A(t) = A(0)(1+i)^t$$

$$A(0) = \frac{A(t)}{(1+i)^t} \Rightarrow A(0) = A(t)v^t$$

$$v = \frac{1}{1+i}$$

1.1.2

(a)  $2500 \times (1 + 4\% \times 10) = 3500$       CCH  $i \times n$        $n = \frac{T}{t}$

(b)  $2500 \times (1 + 4\%)^{10} = 3700.61$        $C(1+i)^n$

(c)  $2500 \times (1 + 2\%)^{\frac{10}{0.25}} = 3714.87$

(d)  $2500 \times (1 + 1\%)^{\frac{10}{0.25}} = 3722.16$

1.1.10.

(a)  $A(t) = A(0)(1+i)^t$        $3000 = 1000(1+12\%)^t \Rightarrow t = 9.694$

(b)  $A(t) = A(0)(1+it)$        $1000(1+12\%)^9 \cdot (1+12\% \times 5) = 3000 \Rightarrow 5 = 0.6819$   
 $t = 0.6819 + 9$

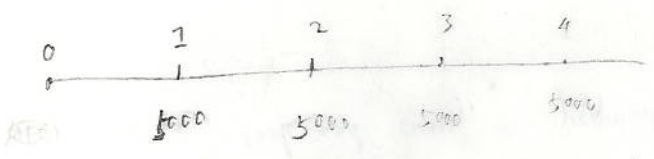
(c)  $1000(1.01)^t = 3000 \Rightarrow t = 110.41$  months

(d)  $1000(1+i)^{10} = 3000$        $i = 0.1161$

(e)  $1000(1+i)^{10 \times 12} = 3000$        $i = 0.009197$

1.2.1.

$5000 \times \frac{1}{1+6\%} + 5000 \times \frac{1}{(1+6\%)^2} + 5000 \times \frac{1}{(1+6\%)^3} + 5000 \times \frac{1}{(1+6\%)^4} = 17,325.53$



$$1.2.4 \quad X (1+6\%)^3 (1+7\%)^4 (1+9\%)^3 = 1000$$

$$X = 1000 v_{.06}^3 v_{.07}^4 v_{.09}^3 = 499.62$$

$v$ : present value factor.

1.2.15. (Pricing T-bill).

$$(a) \quad \frac{100,000}{1 + 10\% \cdot \frac{182}{365}} = 95,250.52. \quad \text{price} = \frac{\text{face amount}}{1+it}$$

$$(b) \quad P = \frac{F}{1+it} \quad \frac{dP}{di} = d\left(\frac{F}{1+it}\right)/di = -\frac{F}{(1+it)^2} \cdot t$$

$$\Delta P = -\frac{100,000}{\left(1+i \cdot \frac{182}{365}\right)^2} \cdot \frac{182}{365} \times \Delta i = -45.24$$

$i=0.1$

$$\frac{dP}{di} = \frac{P(i+\Delta i) - P(i)}{\Delta i}$$

$$(c) \quad \frac{dP}{di} = -\frac{1000}{\left(1+i \cdot \frac{91}{365}\right)^2} \cdot \frac{91}{365} = -23,733.39 \quad (i=0.10)$$

$t=0$ .

Compound Interest:  $A(0)(1+i)^t = A(t)$

simple Interest:  $A(0)(1+it) = A(t)$  (For T-bill).

Present value:  $A(0) = \frac{A(t)}{(1+i)^t} \quad v = \frac{1}{1+i}$ , discount factor.  
 $= A(t)v^t$ .

T-bill price:  $\frac{\text{face amount}}{1+it}$

$i^{(m)}$  nominal annual rate with interest compounded  $m$  times per year.

$i$  annual rate  $1+i = \left[1 + \frac{i^{(m)}}{m}\right]^m$

$$i^{(m)} = m \left[ (1+i)^{\frac{1}{m}} - 1 \right]$$

$$i^{(\infty)} = \ln(1+i). \quad 1+i = e^{i^{(\infty)}}$$